N.Y.S. COASTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAM: CONSISTENCY REVIEW

Overview: Program Need

- Concentration of population and development activity in coastal /waterfront areas
- Limited coastal/waterfront areas
- Jurisdictional issues
- Narrow agency focus
- Lack of coordination- all levels of government

Overview: Primary Program Goals



- Balance protection of natural and cultural resources with economic development within the coastal zone.
- Coordinate decision-making at all levels of government.

Overview:

Tools



- Establishing of enforceable coastal policies focused on revitalizing, promoting, and protecting New York's communities and waterfronts
- Developing Local Waterfront Revitalization Programs and Harbor Management Plans
- Implementing coastal policies through consistency review



Coastal Policies



- Water-dependent Development
- □ Fish and Wildlife
- Flooding and Erosion
- General Safeguards
- Public Access
- Recreation
- Historic and Scenic Resources
- Agricultural Lands
- Energy and Ice Management

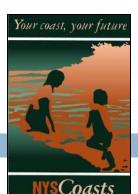


Air and Water Resources
Wetlands

Consistency:

Policy-based Regulatory Review

- Integrates broader range of concerns than standards-based review
- Qualitative (not quantitative)
- Incorporates standards-based decisions of other agencies



Federal Consistency



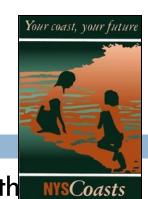
- Federal regulations at 15 CFR 930 establish a framew review of all proposed federal activities that are within or would effect a state's designated federally approved coastal area.
 - "Federal activity" refers to funding, permitting, rule making or direct actions undertaken by a federal agency
- Based upon an analysis of the effects of a proposed activity on the enforceable policies of the CMP, the Department either concurs with or objects to the proposed activity.
- Federal regulations prohibit a federal agency from authorizing, funding, or directly undertaking an activity if the Department objects.

State Consistency



- New York State's requirements to assure that actions of State agencies are consistent with policies for the State's coastal areas and inland waterways are contained in
 - Article 42 of the State Executive Law,
 - Department of State regulations in 19 NYCRR Part 600,
 - State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA) regulations in 6 NYCRR Part 617.
- State agency actions that are not consistent with State coastal policies or with an approved LWRP are not to be undertaken.

LWRPs and Consistency



- An adopted LWRP represents a refinement of at the local level.
- The policies contained in an approved LWRP become the enforceable policies of the CMP for that area.
- The "consistency" provisions are a strong tool that help ensure all government levels work in unison to build a stronger economy and a healthier environment.
 - State permitting, funding, and direct actions must be consistent with an approved LWRP.
 - Within federally defined coastal areas federal agencies activities are also required to be consistent with an approved LWRP.
 - The LWRP also contains consistency provisions to guide local decisionmaking.

Consistency Process

Your coast, your future

NYS Coasts

- Initial determination:
 - In designated coastal area?
 - Project type subject to local consistency review?
- Evaluation of all effects
- Identification of applicable policies
- Assessment of effect on policy i.e., "significance" of effect
 - LWRP standards and guidance
 - State standards and regulations
 - Professional judgment
- Determination of consistency with all applicable policies
- Notification of applicants, coordination with other involved agencies

Sample Reviews

- □ New dock
- Marina reconfiguration
- Seawall repair
- Residential development

New dock

- Navigation
- Public access
- Habitat/wetland impacts
- □ Use conflict boating, fishing, diving, etc
- Community/visual character
- Local building standards

Existing Marina: Reconfiguration

- Changed boat traffic numbers, size/type of craft
- Expanded water surface coverage
- Impact on landside water-dependent uses
- Harbor Management Plan
- Underwater lands ownership
- Water quality impacts

Seawall repair

- Visual/community character
- Public access
- Habitat impairment
- □ Erosion and coastal processes on and off-site
- Local building standards

New Residential Development

- Community/visual character
- Water quality impacts
- Habitats/wetlands
- Coastal flooding
- Effects on other water-dependent activities
- Public access